

1W High Power Blue LED
Technical Data Sheet

Part No.: HP60NBB

Spec No: HP60N Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2007 Page: 1 OF 8 Approved: JoJo Checked: Wu Drawn: Yang

Lucky Light Electronics Co., Ltd.

http://www.luckylightled.com



## Features:

Very long operating life (up to 100k hours).

Available in white, green, blue, red, yellow.

More energy efficient than incandescent and most halogen lamps.

Low voltage DC operated.

Cool beam, safe to the touch.

Instant light (less than 100ns).

The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

## Applications:

Reading lights (car, bus, aircraft).

Portable (flashlight, bicycle).

Mini\_accent/Uplighters/Downlighters/Orientation.

Bollards/Security/Garden.

Cove/Undershelf/Task.

Automotive rear combination lamps.

Traffic signaling/Beacons/ Rail crossing and Wayside.

Indoor/Outdoor Commercial and Residential Architectural.

Edge\_lit signs (Exit, point of sale).

LCD Backlights/Light Guides.

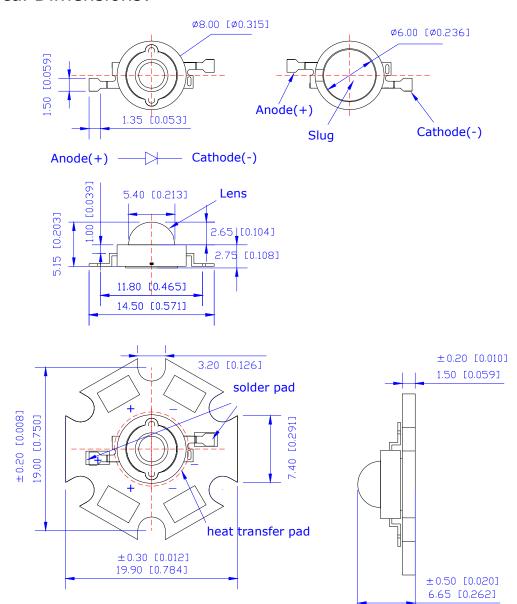
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## Mechanical Dimensions:



Part No.	Chip Material	Lens Color	Source Color
HP60NBB	InGaN	Water Clear	Blue

#### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).

2. Tolerance is  $\pm$  0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.

3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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# Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Rating	Units
Power Dissipation	PD	1400	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	500	mA
Forward Current	IF	350	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
LED Junction Temperature	Tj	125	
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 to +85	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 to +100	
Soldering Time at 260 (Max.)	Tsol	260 for 5 Seconds	

#### Notes:

- 1. Proper current derating must be observed to maintain junction temperature below the maximum.
- 2. LEDs are not designed to be driven in reserve bias.

## Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Flux	Ф۷	15	25		lm	IF=350mA
Viewing Angle [1]	201/2		135		Deg	IF=350mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λр		468		nm	IF=350mA
Dominant Wavelength	λd		470		nm	IF=350mA
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	Δλ		25		nm	IF=350mA
Forward Voltage [2]	VF	2.80	3.40	4.00	V	IF=350mA
Reverse Current	IR			50	μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> =5V

## Notes:

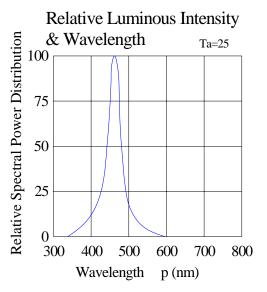
- 1.  $2\theta 1/2$  is the off axis angle from lamp centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the peak value.
  - 2. Forward Voltage measurement tolerance: ±0.10V.

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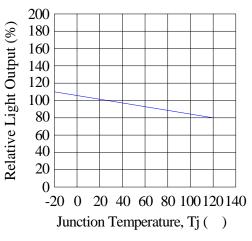
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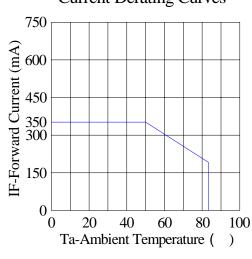
# Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25 Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



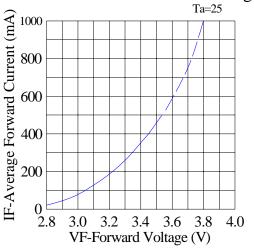
**Light Output Characteristics** 



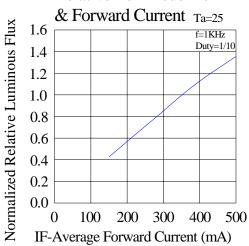
**Current Derating Curves** 



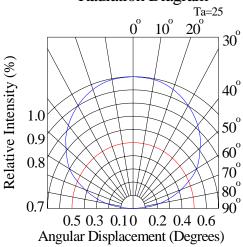
Forward Current & Forward Voltage



Relative Luminous Flux



**Radiation Diagram** 



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# Reliability Test Items and Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

## 1) Test Items and Results:

No.	Test Item	Test Hours/Cycles	Test Conditions	Sample Size	Ac/Re
1	Resistance to Soldering Heat	6 Min	Tsld=260±5 , Min. 5sec	25pcs	0/1
2	Thermal Shock	300 Cycles	H: +100 5min ∫ 10 sec L: -10 5min	25pcs	0/1
3	Temperature Cycle	300 Cycles	H: +100 15min ∫ 5min L: -40 15min	25pcs	0/1
4	High Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	Temp: 100	25pcs	0/1
5	DC Operating Life	1000Hrs.	IF=350mA	25pcs	0/1
6	Low Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	Temp: -40	25pcs	0/1
7	High Temperature/ High Humidity	1000Hrs.	85 /85%RH	25pcs	0/1

## 2) Criteria for Judging the Damage:

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment		
			Min	Max	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=350mA		F.V.*)×1.1	
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V		F.V.*)×2.0	
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=350mA	F.V.*)×0.7		

\*) F.V.: First Value.

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## Please read the following notes before using the product:

#### 1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

### 2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 or less and 80%RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 or less and 60%RH or less.
- 2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.
- 2.6 If the moisture adsorbent material has fabled away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment: 60±5 for 24 hours.

#### 3. Soldering Condition

When soldering, for Lamp without stopper type and must be leave a minimum of 3mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point.

To avoided the Epoxy climb up on lead frame and was impact to non-soldering problem, dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering Iron		Wave Soldering		
Temperature	300 Max.	Pre-heat	100 Max.	
Soldering Time	3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Solder Wave	60 sec. Max. 260 Max.	
		Soldering Time	5 sec. Max.	

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and / or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED.

#### 4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260 for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

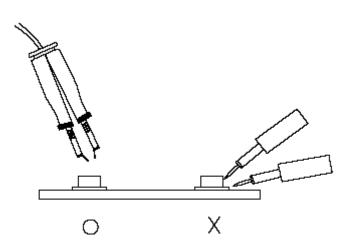
#### 5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

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## 6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

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