

# 5mm Standard T-1 3/4 Type Full Color With Common Anode LED Technical Data Sheet

Part No.: 509RGBM2E-004

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 1 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang



#### Features:

- ♦ Uniform light output.
- ♦ Low power consumption.
- ♦ I.C. Compatible.
- ♦ Long life-solid state reliability.
- ♦ The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

## Descriptions:

- ♦ The Hyper Red source color devices are made with AlGaInP on GaAs substrate Light Emitting Diode.
- ♦ The Pure Green source color devices are made with InGaN on Sapphire substrate Light Emitting Diode.
- ♦ The Blue source color devices are made with InGaN on Sapphire substrate Light Emitting Diode.

# Applications:

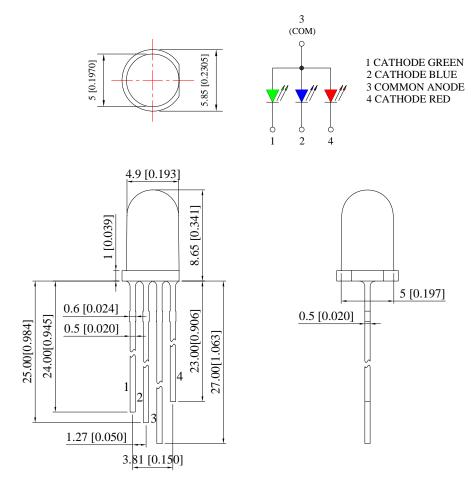
- ♦ TV set.
- ♦ Monitor.
- ♦ Telephone.
- ♦ Computer.
- ♦ Circuit board, etc.

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 2 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang



# Package Dimension:



Part No.	Chip Material	Lens Color	Source Color	
	AlGaInP		Hyper Red	
509RGBM2E-004	InGaN	White Diffused	Pure Green	
	InGaN		Blue	

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm$  0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.00mm (.039") max.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 3 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang



# Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameters	Emitting Color	Symbol	Max.	Unit	
	Hyper Red		65		
Power Dissipation	Pure Green	PD	95	mW	
	Blue		95		
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms P	IFP	100	mA		
Forward Current	Hyper Red	IF	25	mA	
	Pure Green	IF	25	mA	
	Blue	IF	25	mA	
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V		
Operating Temperature Range		Topr	-40℃ to +85℃		
Storage Temperature Range		Tstg	-40℃ to +100℃		
Lead Soldering Temperature [4mm (.157") From Body]		Tsld	260°C for 5 Seconds		

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 4 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang



# Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25℃

Parameters	Symbol	Emitting Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
		Hyper Red	350	600			
Luminous Intensity *	IV	Pure Green	450	1000		mcd	IF=20mA (Note 1)
		Blue	250	500			
		Hyper Red		60			
Viewing Angle *	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>	Pure Green		60		Deg	IF=20mA (Note 2)
		Blue		60			
		Hyper Red		632			
Peak Emission Wavelength	λр	Pure Green		520		nm	IF=20mA
		Blue		468			
		Hyper Red		624			
Dominant Wavelength	λd	Pure Green		525		nm	IF=20mA (Note 3)
		Blue		470			
		Hyper Red	1.60	2.00	2.60		
Forward Voltage	VF	Pure Green	2.80	3.20	3.80	V	IF=20mA
		Blue	2.80	3.20	3.80		
		Hyper Red			10		
Reverse Current	IR	Pure Green			10	μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> =5V
		Blue			10		

#### Notes:

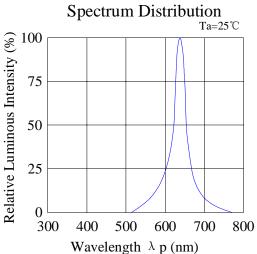
- 1. Luminous Intensity Measurement allowance is  $\pm$  10%.
- 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The dominant wavelength ( $\lambda d$ ) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

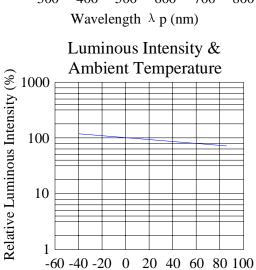
Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 5 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang

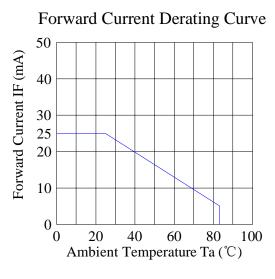


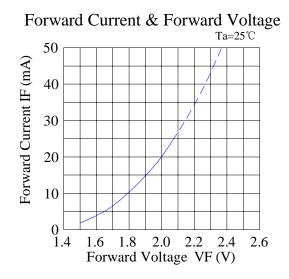
Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted) Hyper Red:

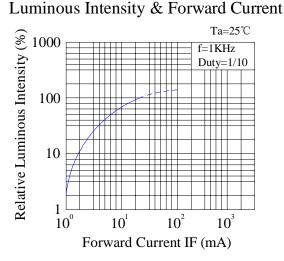


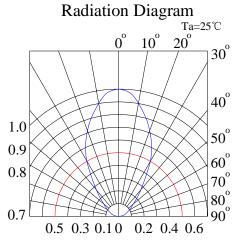


Ambient Temperature Ta ( $^{\circ}$ C)







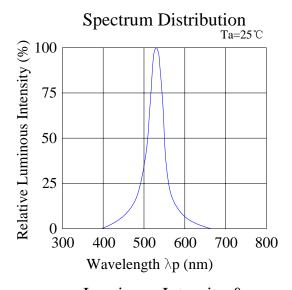


Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 6 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang

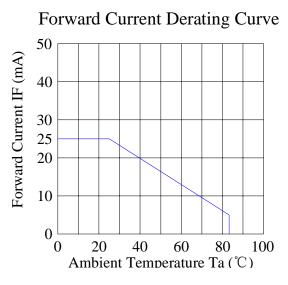


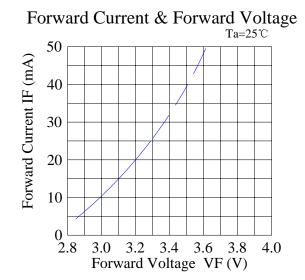
#### Pure Green:

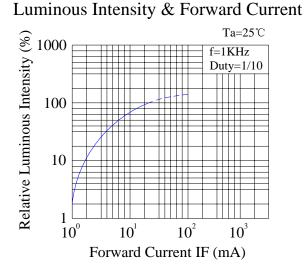


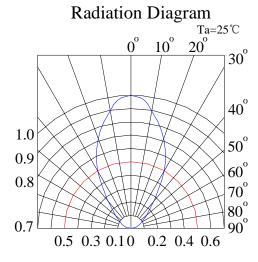
Ambient Temperature

Note of the property of t







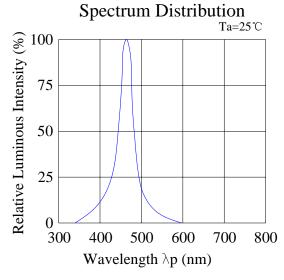


Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 7 OF 10

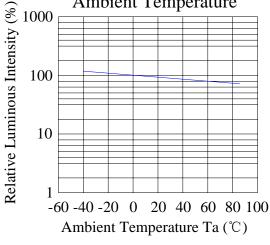
Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang



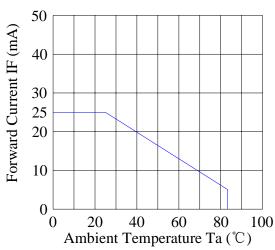
## Blue:



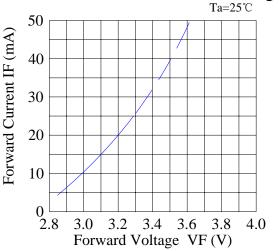
# Luminous Intensity & **Ambient Temperature** 1000



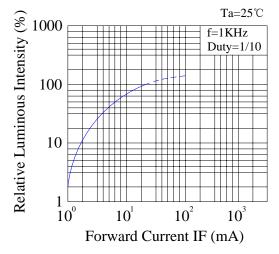
# Forward Current Derating Curve



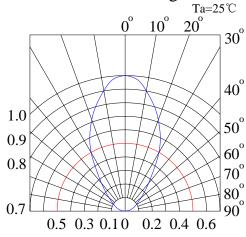
# Forward Current & Forward Voltage



## Luminous Intensity & Forward Current



## **Radiation Diagram**



Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Approved: Liu

Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang

Lucky Light Electronics Co., Ltd.

Date: Jul./10/2008

http://www.luckylightled.com

Page: 8 OF 10



# Reliability Test Items And Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

#### 1) Test Items and Results:

Test Item	Standard Test Method	Test Conditions	Note	Number of Damaged
Resistance to Soldering Heat	JEITA ED-4701 300 302	Tsld=260±5℃, 10sec 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	1 time	0/100
Solder ability	JEITA ED-4701 300 303	Tsld=235±5℃, 5sec (using flux)	1time over 95%	0/100
Thermal Shock	JEITA ED-4701 300 307	0℃~100℃ 15sec, 15sec	100 cycles	0/100
Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	-40℃~25℃~100℃~25℃ 30min,5min,30min,5min	100 cycles	0/100
Moisture Resistance Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	25℃~65℃~-10℃ 90%RH 24hrs/1cycle	10 cycles	0/100
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	Ta=100℃	1000hrs	0/100
Terminal Strength (Pull test)	JEITA ED-4701 400 401	Load 10N (1kgf) 10±1sec	No noticeable damage	0/100
Terminal Strength (bending test)	JEITA ED-4701 400 401	Load 5N (0.5kgf) 0°~90°~0° bend 2 times	No noticeable damage	0/100
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	Ta=60℃, RH=90%	1000hrs	0/100
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	Ta=-40°C	1000hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life		Ta=25℃, IF=30mA	1000hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat		Ta=60℃, RH=90%, IF=30mA	500hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life of Low Temperature		Ta=-30℃, IF=20mA	1000hrs	0/100

## 2) Criteria for Judging the Damage:

Thom	Comphal Took Conditions		Criteria for Judgment		
Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA		F.V.*)×1.1	
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V		F.V.*)×2.0	
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	F.V.*)×0.7		

\*) F.V.: First Value.

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 9 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang



# Please read the following notes before using the product:

#### 1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

#### 2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 80%RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at  $30^{\circ}$ C or less and  $60^{\circ}$ RH or less.
- 2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

#### 3. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than  $260^{\circ}$ C for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

#### 4. Soldering

When soldering, for Lamp without stopper type and must be leave a minimum of 3mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point.

To avoided the Epoxy climb up on lead frame and was impact to non-soldering problem, dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering Iron		Wave Soldering		
Temperature Soldering Time	300℃ Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Pre-heat Time Solder Wave Soldering Time	100°C Max. 60 sec. Max. 260°C Max. 5 sec. Max.	

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and / or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED.

#### 5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

#### 6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Jul./10/2008 Page: 10 OF 10

Approved: Liu Checked: Pan Drawn: Zhang