

0.39" Triple Digit Hyper Red
SMD Displays
Technical Data Sheet

Model No.: KW3-S391XVA



Features:

- 0.39" (inch) digit height.
- Packaged in tape and reel for SMT manufacturing.
- Design flexibility (common cathode and anode).
- Categorized for luminous intensity.
- The thickness is thinner than tradition display.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

Descriptions:

- The SMD type display is much smaller than tradition type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher.
- Packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- These devices are made with white segments and gray surface.

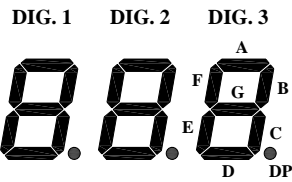
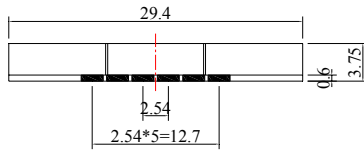
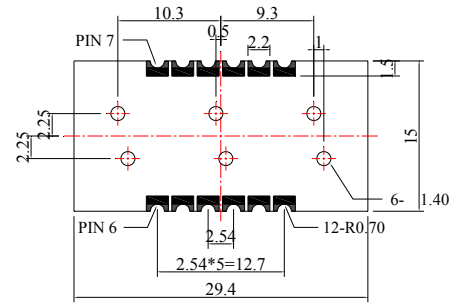
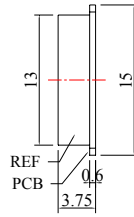
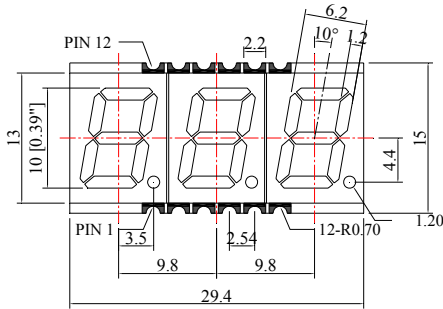
Applications:

- Suitable for indoor use.
- Audio equipment.
- Set top box.
- Game machine.
- Channel indicator of TV.

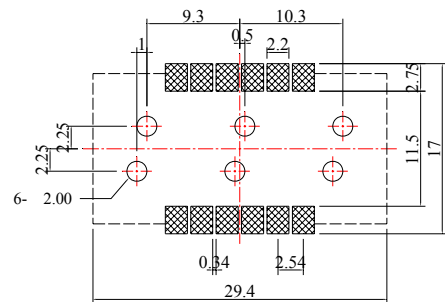
Device Selection Guide:

Model No.	Chip Material	Source Color	Description
KW3-S391CVA	AlGaInP	Hyper Red	Common Cathode
KW3-S391AVA		Hyper Red	Common Anode

Package Dimension:

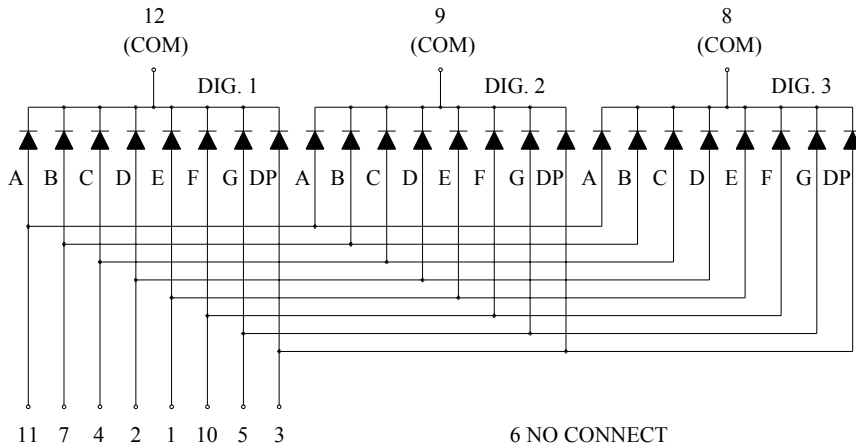


Recommended Soldering Pad Dimensions



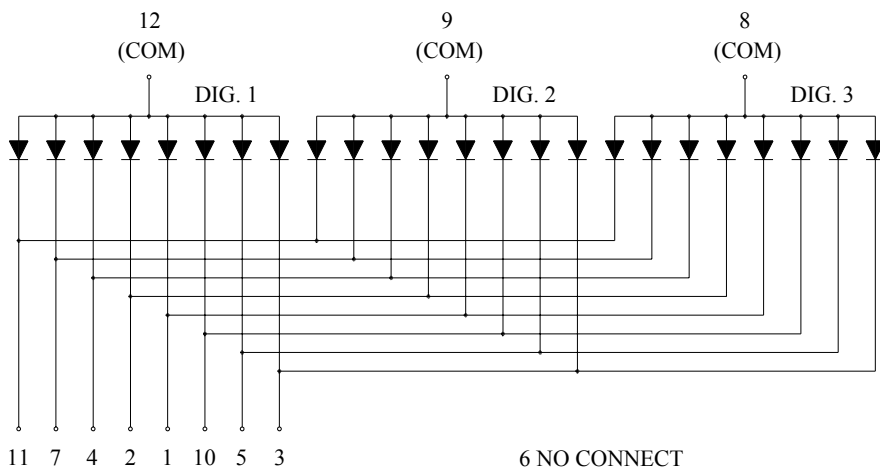
Unit: mm
Tolerance: ±0.25 mm

KW3-S391CVA



1. ANODE E
2. ANODE D
3. ANODE DP
4. ANODE C
5. ANODE G
6. NO CONNECT
7. ANODE B
8. COMMON CATHODE DIG. 3
9. COMMON CATHODE DIG. 2
10. ANODE F
11. ANODE A
12. COMMON CATHODE DIG. 1

KW3-S391AVA



1. CATHODE E
2. CATHODE D
3. CATHODE DP
4. CATHODE C
5. CATHODE G
6. NO CONNECT
7. CATHODE B
8. COMMON ANODE DIG. 3
9. COMMON ANODE DIG. 2
10. CATHODE F
11. CATHODE A
12. COMMON ANODE DIG. 1

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation (Per Segment)	PD	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (Per Segment) (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	100	mA
Forward Current (Per Segment)	IF	25	mA
Rating Linear From 25		0.25	mA/
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	ESD	2000	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 to +80	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 to +100	
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	260 for 5 Seconds	

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25

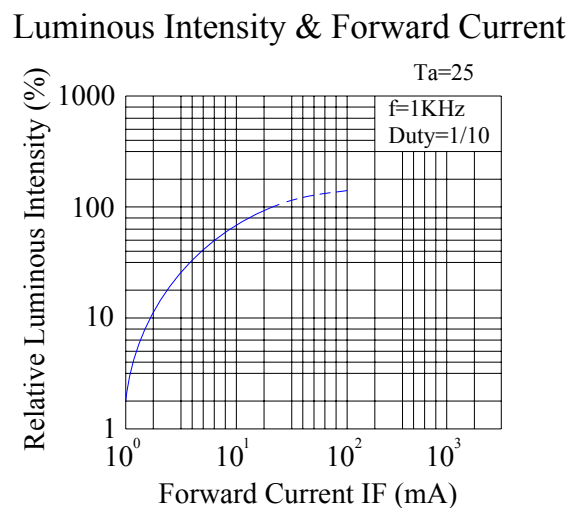
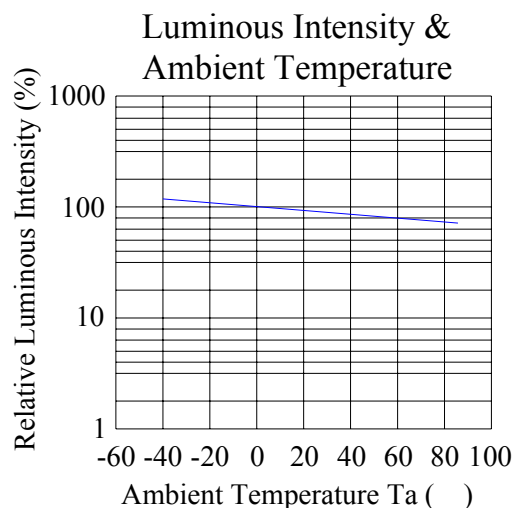
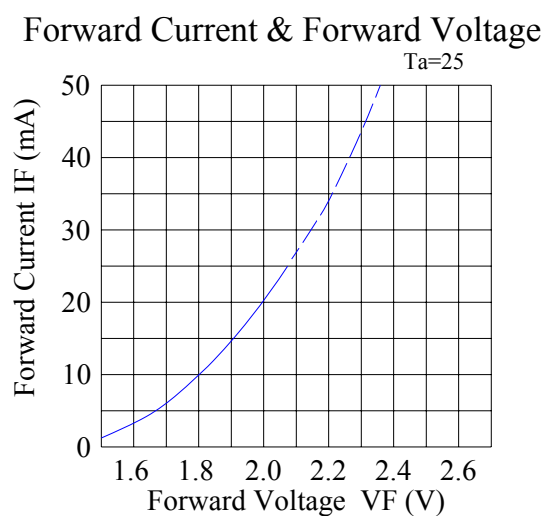
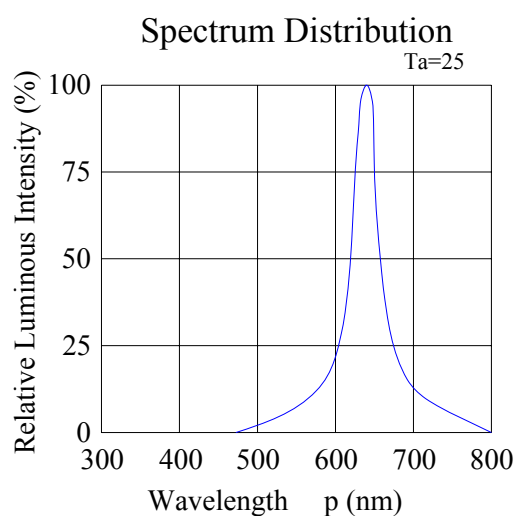
Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity (Per Segment)	IV	3.00	8.00	---	mcd	IF=10mA (Note 1)
Luminous Intensity (Per Decimal point)		2.80	6.00	---		
Luminous Intensity Matching Ratio (Segment To Segment)	I _{v-m}	---	---	2:1		IF=10mA
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	---	632	---	nm	IF=20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d	---	624	---	nm	IF=20mA (Note 2)
Spectral Line Half-Width	λ	---	20	---	nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF	1.60	2.00	2.40	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR	---	---	100	μ A	VR=5V

Notes:

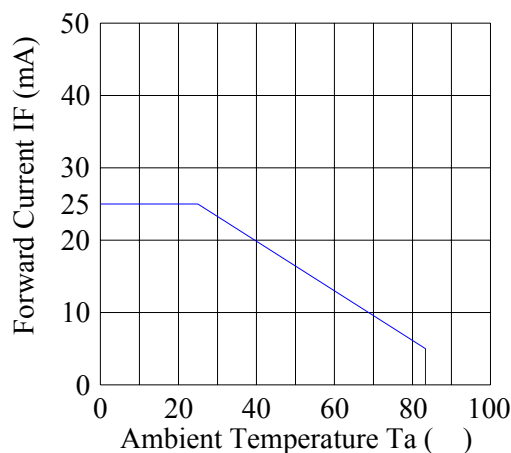
1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

2. The dominant wavelength (λ_d) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves
(25 Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



Forward Current Derating Curve



Reliability Test Item And Condition:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

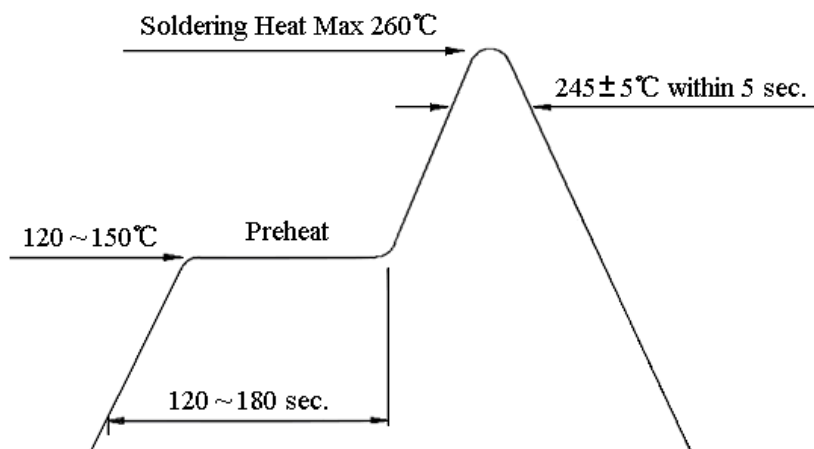
No.	Item	Test Conditions	Test Hours/ Cycles	Sample Sizes	Failure Judgment Criteria	Ac/ Re
1	Reflow Heat	TEMP.: 260 \pm 5 5~10secs	6mins	22pcs	IV Ivt \times 0.5 or VF U or VF L	0/1
2	Temperature Cycle	H: +105 15mins ↑ 5 mins ↓ L: -40 15mins	300Cycles	22pcs		0/1
3	Thermal Shock	H: +100 5mins ↑ 10mins ↓ L: -10 5mins	300Cycles	22pcs		0/1
4	High Temperature Storage	TEMP.: +100	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1
5	Lower Temperature Storage	TEMP.: -40	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1
6	DC Operating Life	TEMP.: 25 IF=10mA	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1
7	High Temperature/ High Humidity	85 / 85% R.H	1000hrs	22pcs		0/1

Notes:

1. Ivt: The test IV value of the chip before the reliability test.
2. IV: The test value of the chip that has completed the reliability test.
3. U: Upper specification limit.
4. L: Lower specification limit.

Soldering heat reliability (DIP):

Please refer to the following figure:



Soldering iron:

Basic spec is ≤ 5 sec when 260 . If temperature is higher, time should be shorter (+10 → -1sec). Power dissipation of iron should be smaller than 15W, and temperature should be controllable. Surface temperature of the device should be under 230 .

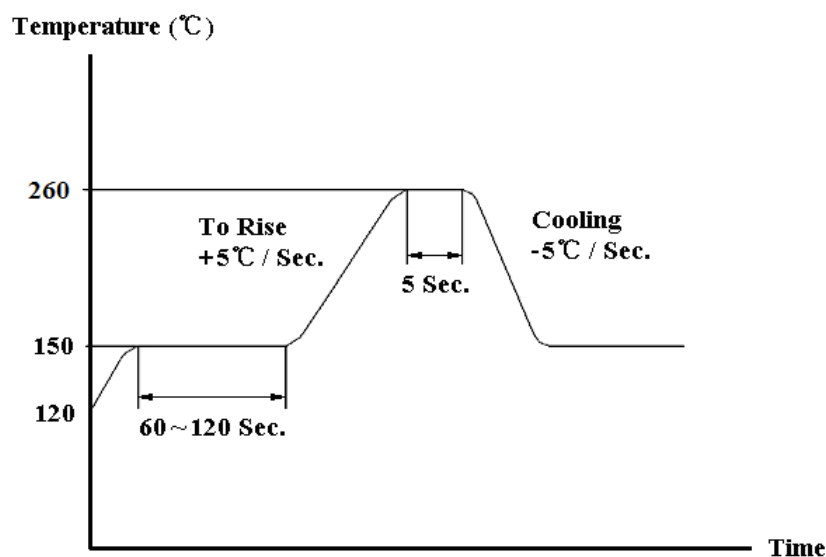
Rework:

Customer must finish rework within 5 sec under 260 .

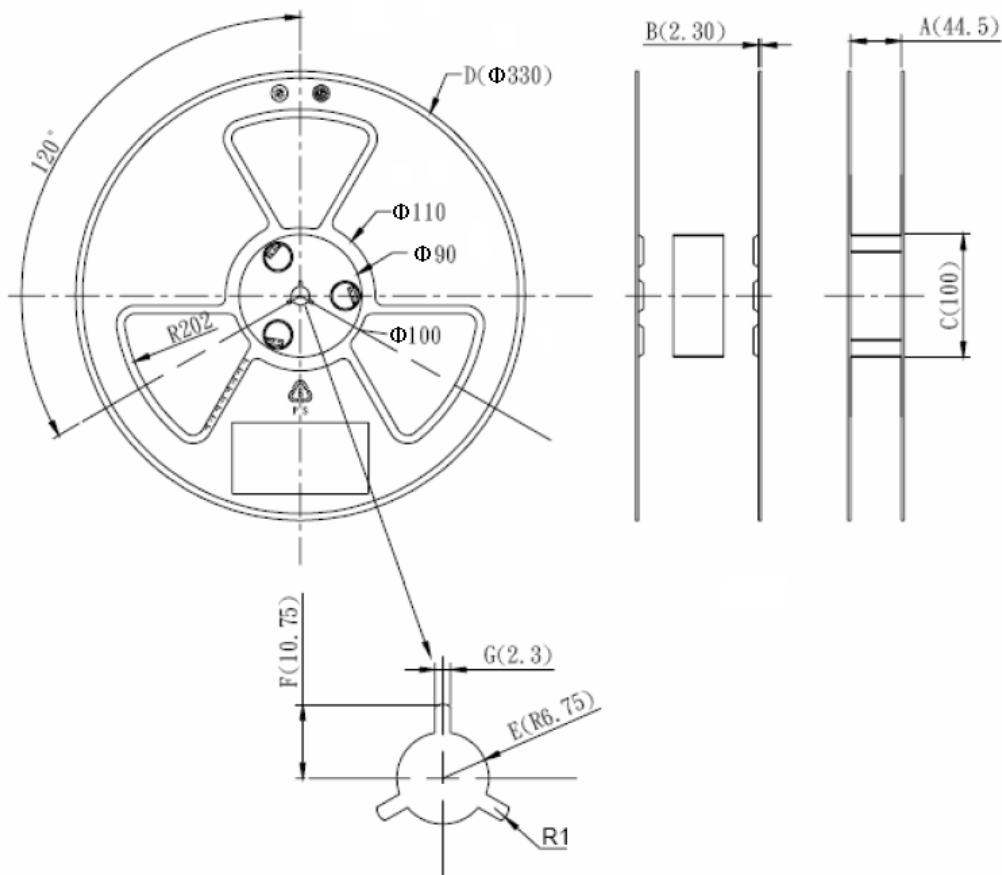
The head of iron can not touch copper foil.

Reflow temperature / time:

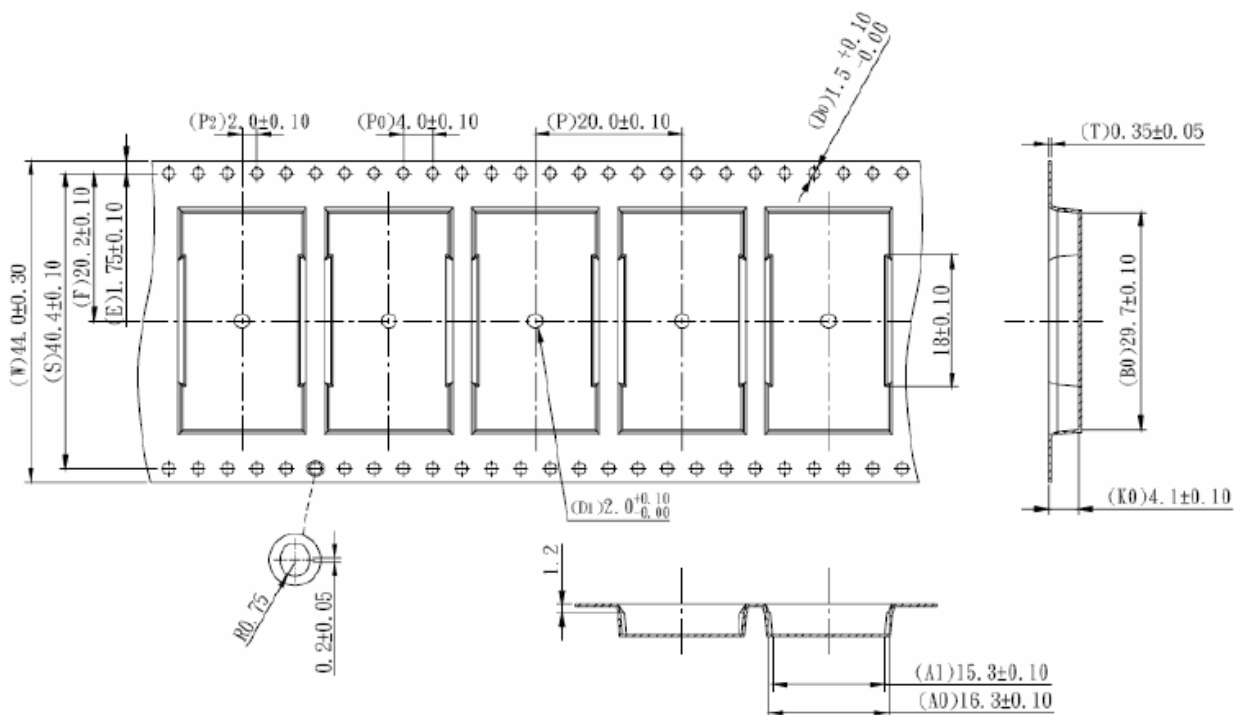
Reflow Temperature / Time



Package Dimensions:



Tape Dimensions:



Please read the following notes before using the product:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 °C or less and 90%RH or less.

2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.

2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 °C or less and 70%RH or less.

3. Soldering Condition

3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile.

3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260 °C for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.