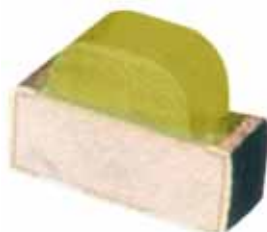


2.00mm Height 1204 Package With Right Lens

White Chip LED

Technical Data Sheet

Part No.: S11PW-W2-1C



Features:

- ◇ Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reel.
- ◇ Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- ◇ Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- ◇ Mono-color type.
- ◇ The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.

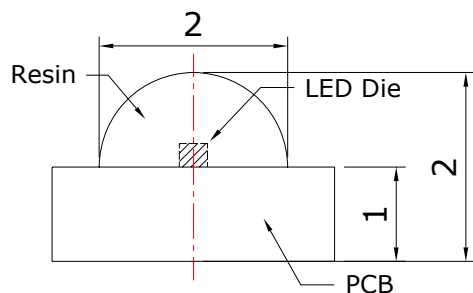
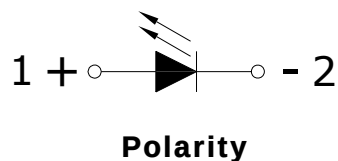
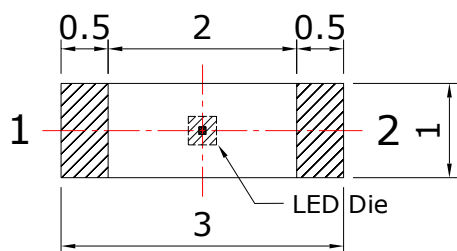
Descriptions:

- ◇ The S11P SMD LED is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- ◇ Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications, etc.

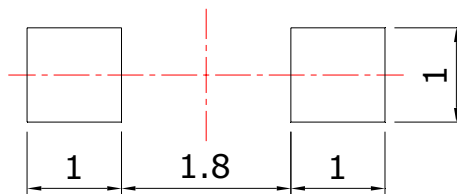
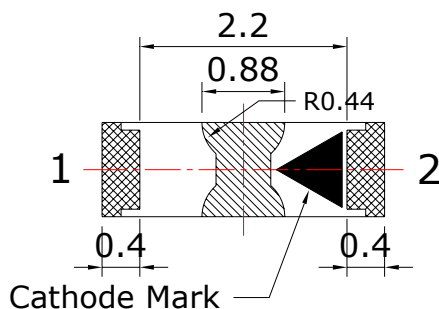
Applications:

- ◇ Automotive: Backlighting in dashboard and switch.
- ◇ Telecommunication: Indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
- ◇ Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol.
- ◇ General use.

Package Dimension:



Recommended Soldering Pad Dimensions



Unit: mm
Tolerance: $\pm 0.10\text{mm}$

1. Soldering terminal may shift in x,y direction.
2. Polarity referring onto the cathode mark is reversed on the UR/HR/SR.

Part No.	Chip Material	Lens Color	Source Color
S11PW-W2-1C	InGaN	Yellow Diffused	White

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.10\text{mm}$ (.004") unless otherwise specified.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	PD	95	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	100	mA
Forward Current	IF	25	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	ESD	400	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40°C to +80°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40°C to +85°C	
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	260°C for 5 Seconds	

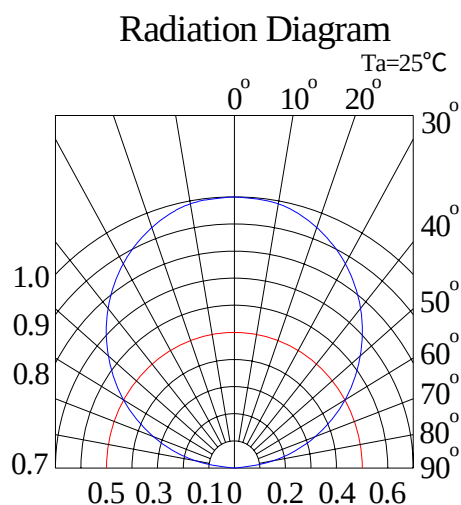
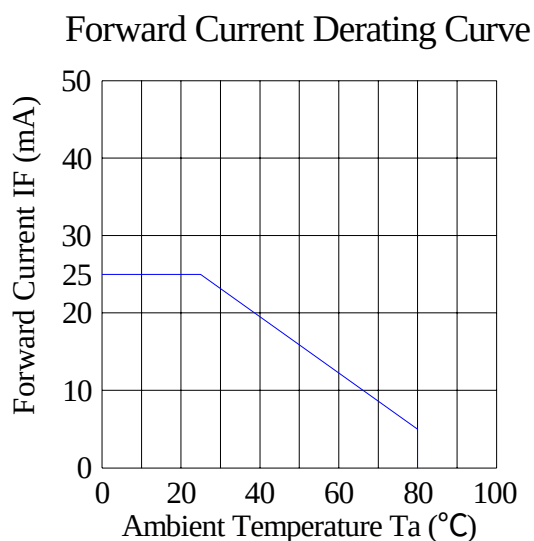
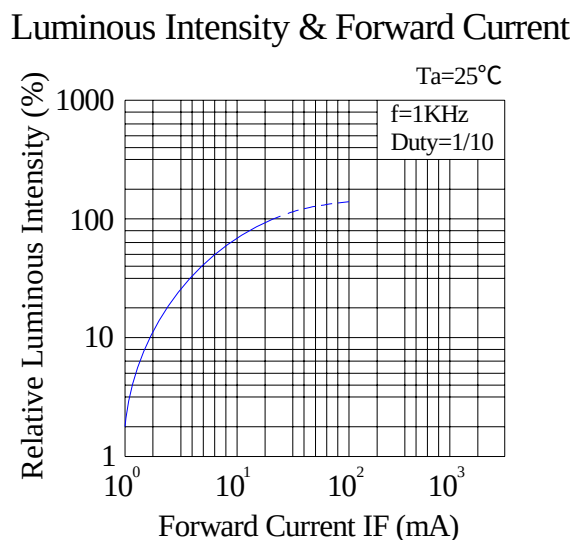
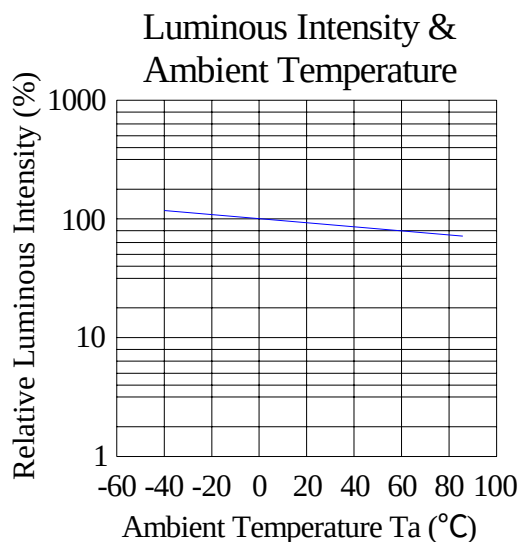
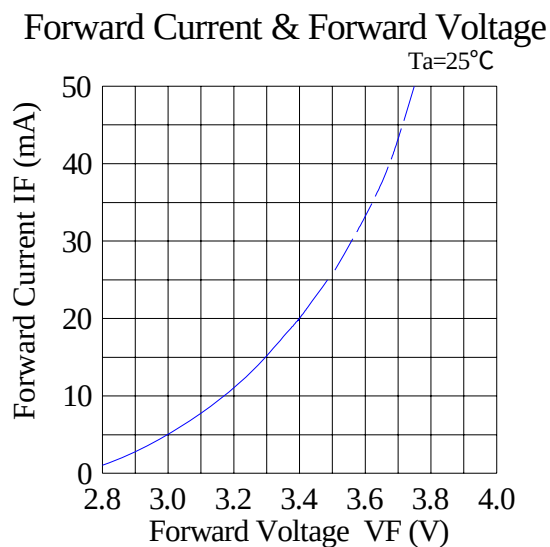
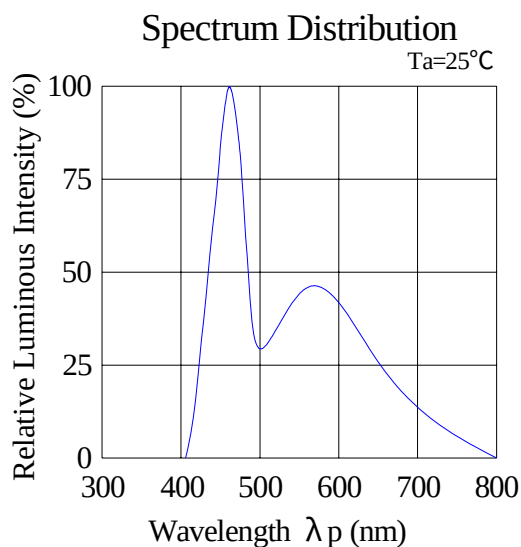
Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity *	IV	80	150	---	mcd	IF=20mA (Note 1)
Viewing Angle *	2θ1/2	---	120	---	Deg	IF=20mA (Note 2)
Chromaticity Coordinates	x	---	0.31	---		IF=20mA (Note 3)
	y	---	0.32	---		
Color Temperature	CCT	5000	6500	---	K	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	VF	2.80	3.40	3.80	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR	---	---	10	μA	VR=5V

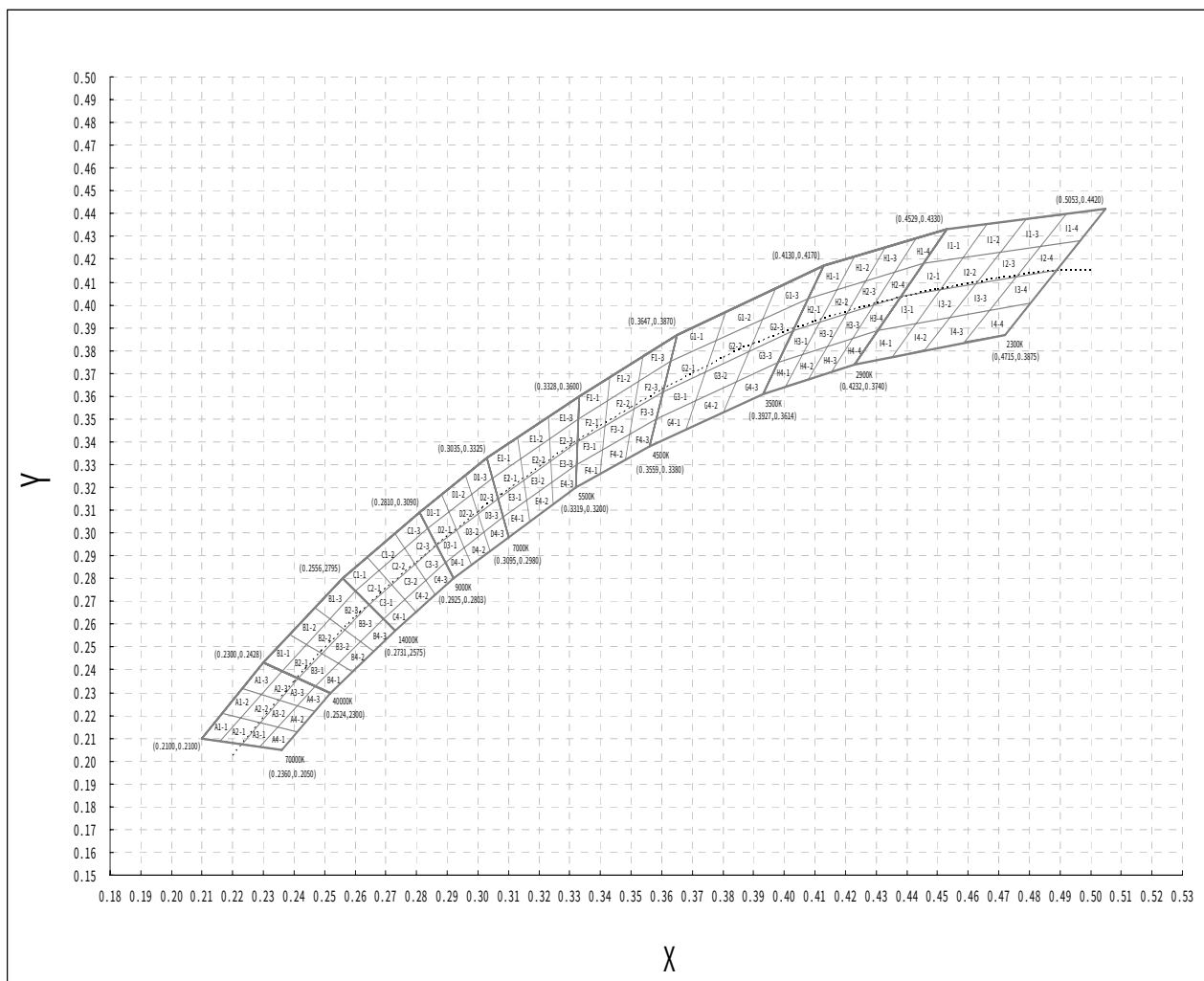
Notes:

1. Luminous Intensity Measurement allowance is $\pm 10\%$.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3. It use many parameters that correspond to the CIE 1931 2°. X, Y, and Z are CIE 1931 2° values of Red, Green and Blue content of the measurement.

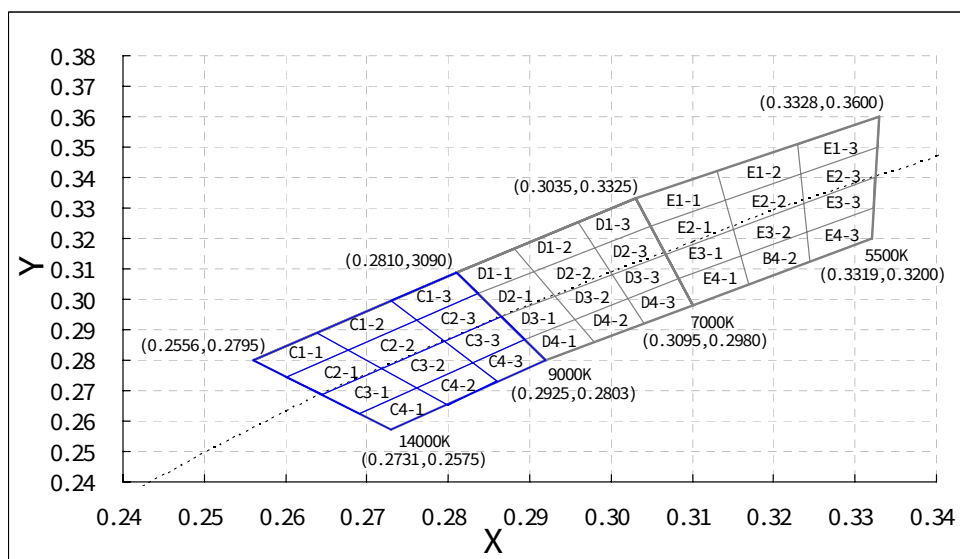
Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram:



W2:



Chromaticity Coordinates Specifications for Bin Rank:

Bin Code	Left x	Left y	Top x	Top y	Right x	Right y	Bottom x	Bottom y
C1-1	0.2560	0.2800	0.2640	0.2890	0.2680	0.2830	0.2600	0.2740
C2-1	0.2600	0.2740	0.2680	0.2830	0.2720	0.2770	0.2640	0.2690
C3-1	0.2640	0.2690	0.2720	0.2770	0.2760	0.2710	0.2690	0.2630
C4-1	0.2690	0.2630	0.2760	0.2710	0.2800	0.2650	0.2730	0.2570
C1-2	0.2640	0.2890	0.2730	0.2990	0.2760	0.2930	0.2680	0.2830
C2-2	0.2680	0.2830	0.2760	0.2930	0.2790	0.2860	0.2720	0.2770
C3-2	0.2720	0.2770	0.2790	0.2860	0.2830	0.2790	0.2760	0.2710
C4-2	0.2760	0.2710	0.2830	0.2790	0.2860	0.2730	0.2800	0.2650
C1-3	0.2730	0.2990	0.2810	0.3090	0.2840	0.3020	0.2760	0.2930
C2-3	0.2760	0.2930	0.2840	0.3020	0.2870	0.2950	0.2790	0.2860
C3-3	0.2790	0.2860	0.2870	0.2950	0.2900	0.2870	0.2830	0.2790
C4-3	0.2830	0.2790	0.2900	0.2870	0.2920	0.2800	0.2860	0.2730
D1-1	0.2810	0.3090	0.2880	0.3170	0.2910	0.3090	0.2840	0.3020
D2-1	0.2840	0.3020	0.2910	0.3090	0.2930	0.3020	0.2870	0.2950
D3-1	0.2870	0.2950	0.2930	0.3020	0.2960	0.2940	0.2900	0.2870
D4-1	0.2900	0.2870	0.2960	0.2940	0.2980	0.2860	0.2920	0.2800
D1-2	0.2880	0.3170	0.2960	0.3250	0.2980	0.3170	0.2910	0.3090
D2-2	0.2910	0.3090	0.2980	0.3170	0.3000	0.3080	0.2930	0.3020
D3-2	0.2930	0.3020	0.3000	0.3080	0.3020	0.3000	0.2960	0.2940
D4-2	0.2960	0.2940	0.3020	0.3000	0.3040	0.2920	0.2980	0.2860
D1-3	0.2960	0.3250	0.3030	0.3330	0.3050	0.3240	0.2980	0.3170
D2-3	0.2980	0.3170	0.3050	0.3240	0.3070	0.3150	0.3000	0.3080
D3-3	0.3000	0.3080	0.3070	0.3150	0.3080	0.3070	0.3020	0.3000
D4-3	0.3020	0.3000	0.3080	0.3070	0.3100	0.2980	0.3040	0.2920
E1-1	0.3030	0.3330	0.3130	0.3420	0.3140	0.3330	0.3050	0.3240
E2-1	0.3050	0.3240	0.3140	0.3330	0.3150	0.3240	0.3070	0.3150
E3-1	0.3070	0.3150	0.3150	0.3240	0.3160	0.3140	0.3080	0.3070
E4-1	0.3080	0.3070	0.3160	0.3140	0.3170	0.3050	0.3100	0.2980
E1-2	0.3130	0.3420	0.3230	0.3510	0.3230	0.3410	0.3140	0.3330
E2-2	0.3140	0.3330	0.3230	0.3410	0.3240	0.3320	0.3150	0.3240
E3-2	0.3150	0.3240	0.3240	0.3320	0.3240	0.3220	0.3160	0.3140
E4-2	0.3160	0.3140	0.3240	0.3220	0.3240	0.3130	0.3170	0.3050
E1-3	0.3230	0.3510	0.3330	0.3600	0.3330	0.3500	0.3230	0.3410
E2-3	0.3240	0.3320	0.3330	0.3500	0.3320	0.3400	0.3240	0.3310
E3-3	0.3240	0.3320	0.3320	0.3400	0.3320	0.3300	0.3240	0.3220
E4-3	0.3240	0.3220	0.3320	0.3300	0.3320	0.3200	0.3240	0.3130

Notes:

1. Color coordinates measurement allowance is ± 0.01 .
2. One delivery will include up to two consecutive color ranks and three luminous intensity ranks of the products the quantity-ratio of the ranks is decided by **LuckyLight**.

Reliability Test Items and Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

1) Test Items and Results:

No.	Test Item	Test Hours/Cycles	Test Conditions	Sample Size	Ac/Re
1	Resistance to Soldering Heat	6 Min	Tsld=260±5°C, Min. 5sec	25pcs	0/1
2	Thermal Shock	300 Cycles	H: +100°C 5min ∫ 10 sec L: -10°C 5min	25pcs	0/1
3	Temperature Cycle	300 Cycles	H: +100°C 15min ∫ 5min L: -40°C 15min	25pcs	0/1
4	High Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	Temp: 100°C	25pcs	0/1
5	DC Operating Life	1000Hrs.	IF=20mA	25pcs	0/1
6	Low Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	Temp: -40°C	25pcs	0/1
7	High Temperature/ High Humidity	1000Hrs.	85°C/85%RH	25pcs	0/1

2) Criteria for Judging the Damage:

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment	
			Min	Max
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA	---	F.V.*)×1.1
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V	---	F.V.*)×2.0
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	F.V.*)×0.7	---

*) F.V.: First Value.

Please read the following notes before using the product:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 80%RH or less.

2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.

2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less.

2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

2.6 If the moisture adsorbent material has fabled away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours.

3. Soldering Condition

When soldering, for Lamp without stopper type and must be leave a minimum of 3mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point.

To avoided the Epoxy climb up on lead frame and was impact to non-soldering problem, dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering Iron		Wave Soldering	
Temperature	300°C Max.	Pre-heat	100°C Max.
Soldering Time	3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Time	60 sec. Max.
		Solder Wave	260°C Max.
		Soldering Time	5 sec. Max.

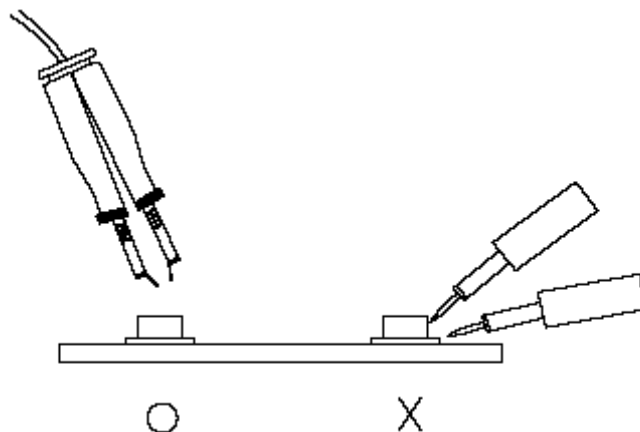
Note: Excessive soldering temperature and / or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260°C for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.